

St Patrick's Catholic School

Risk Management Policy



Date	2012
Version No	1
Responsible Person	Rodney Linhart
Approved By	Rodney Linhart
Review Date	2016
Related Documents	2a WHS Hazard and Risk Register, 2b Risk Assessment Matrix, 2c Generic Risk Management Plan

Risk Management Policy

PURPOSE

Risk management is the culture, processes and structures that are directed towards the effective management of situations that have the capacity to have adverse effects within the organisational environment.

The purpose of this policy is to assist with the systematic and responsible management of risk throughout St. Patrick's Catholic School, Latrobe. The Risk Management Policy applies to all areas of St. Patrick's Catholic School, Latrobe's operation including routine internal activities.

POLICY FRAMEWORK

The risk management process to be used by St. Patrick's Catholic School, Latrobe allows for more accountable and transparent decisions ensuring that decisions are made on the best evidence and information to hand. Effective risk management is used to support and enhance all areas of the work undertaken by St. Patrick's Catholic School, Latrobe.

Sound risk management principles and practices are to be a part of the normal management strategy for St. Patrick's Catholic School, Latrobe. Ultimately risk management is the responsibility of all management levels. Accountability for the management of risk shall be reflected in all individual position descriptions. The systematic management of risks shall be used to assist with effective decision making in keeping with strategic and operational objectives and the allocation of funds and resources.

In all areas of St. Patrick's Catholic School, Latrobe's operation an integrated approach to managing risks is to be implemented in accordance with this policy and in accordance with other policies and risk management processes relevant to the specific area of activity. Risk management is to form an integral part of all decision making processes.

For the purposes of this policy significant areas of risk are defined as those that may reasonably be expected to:

- Constitute a significant risk to the welfare of staff, students or the public
- Jeopardise the reputation of St. Patrick's Catholic School, Latrobe or present a significant legal exposure
- Pose a significant commercial or business risk that may threaten the reputation or well being of St. Patrick's Catholic School, Latrobe.

POLICY CONTENT

Principles

Effective risk management is acknowledged as an integral component of sound corporate governance and shall be applied to all activities undertaken by St. Patrick's Catholic School, Latrobe. Sound risk management also provides a system for the setting of priorities when there are competing demands and resources.

This policy is based on the principles identified in Section 3 of AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 it acknowledges that effective risk management requires:

- A strategic focus
- Forward thinking and active approaches to management
- Balance between the cost of managing risk and the anticipated benefits and
- Contingency planning in the event that critical threats to the mission of the organisation are realised.

Roles and Responsibilities

Rodney Linhart shall be responsible for the implementation of risk management within St. Patrick's Catholic School, Latrobe.

Individual staff members shall be responsible for implanting risk management within their portfolio areas, areas of accountability and responsibility and shall report to the Principal on any significant risks or risk areas.

The Principal is accountable for the implementation of sound risk management processes in the school in their care including creating an environment in which all workers are encouraged and supported to manage risks. Principals shall report to the TCEO Coordinator: WHS concerning any significant risk or risk areas.

All staff members shall be responsible for avoiding unnecessary risks to themselves and others and reporting on any activities which may result in unacceptable risks. Effective management of risk depends on good quality information.

Identifying, Assessing and Managing Risks

Risk management process is to be systematically applied in three main areas:

1. Integrated into all business strategies, activities and management systems
2. Compliance and control
3. Incident management.

Risk Management will be conducted in keeping with:

1. AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 *Risk Management*
 2. HB 266:2010 *Guide for managing risk in not-for profit organizations*,
- and will be following this process:

Context established

The context shall be established to define the basic external and internal parameters within which risks must be managed and to provide guidance for decisions within more detailed risk management considerations.

Risks Identified

The risks to be managed shall be identified.

Risks Analysed

Risk analysis conducted to comprehend the nature of the risk and to determine level of the risk. This process shall provide input to the decision on whether risks need to be treated and the most appropriate and cost effective risks treatment strategies. Risk analysis shall involve consideration for the sources of the risk, positive and negative consequences and the likelihood that those consequences may occur.

Risks evaluated

Risk evaluation conducted to compare the results of risk analysis with risk criteria to determine whether the risk and its magnitude are acceptable or tolerable. The outcome shall be used to make decisions including establishing which risks need to be addressed and the priority in which those risks will be addressed.

Risks Treated

Risk treatment shall identify the range of options for treating risk, assessing these options and the preparation and implementation of treatment plans.

Note: Risk treatments that deal with negative consequences are sometimes referred to as 'risk mitigation', 'risk elimination', 'risk prevention', and 'risk reduction'.

Monitor and Review

Ongoing monitoring and review will be undertaken.

Record of the process

Each stage of the risk management process should be recorded appropriately and these records form an important aspect of good corporate governance.

RELATED LEGAL INSTRUMENTS, POLICIES and PROCEDURES

WHS Act 2012 and WHS Regulations 2012

Racial Discrimination Act 1975

Sex Discrimination Act 1984

Human Rights & Equal Opportunity Act 1986

Disability Discrimination Act 1992

Privacy Act 1988

Privacy Amendment (Private Sector Act) 2000

Learning Together – Achievement through Choice & Opportunity Act 2004

Fair Work Act 2009

Education Act 1994

Workplace Health & Safety Act 1995

Children, Young Persons and Their Families Act 1997

Anti-Discrimination Act 1998

Teachers Registration Act 2001

Personal Information Act 2004

WHS Policy

School Hazard and Risk Register

Generic Risk Management Plan

All other Policies and Guidelines of WHS MS

KEY DEFINITIONS

The following definitions are drawn from *AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 - Risk Management - Principles and Guidelines*:

Risk: The effect of uncertainty on objectives often characterised by reference to potential events and consequences or a combination of these.

Risk Management: The co-ordinated activities to direct and control an organisation with regard to risk

Risk Management framework: Set of components that provide the foundations⁽¹⁾ and organisational arrangements⁽²⁾ for designing, implementing, monitoring, reviewing and continually improving risk management throughout the organisation⁽³⁾.

(1) The foundations include the policy, objectives, mandate and commitment to manage risk.

- (2) The organisational arrangements include plans, relationships, accountabilities, resources, processes and activities.
- (3) The risk management framework is embedded within the organisation's overall strategic and operational policies and practices.

Risk Management Policy: Statement of the overall intentions and direction of an organisation related to risk management.

Risk Management Plan: Scheme within the risk management framework specifying the approach, the management components and resources to be applied to the management of risk.

Risk analysis: Process to comprehend the nature of the risk and to determine the level of risk.

Risk assessment: The overall process of risk identification, risk analysis and evaluation.